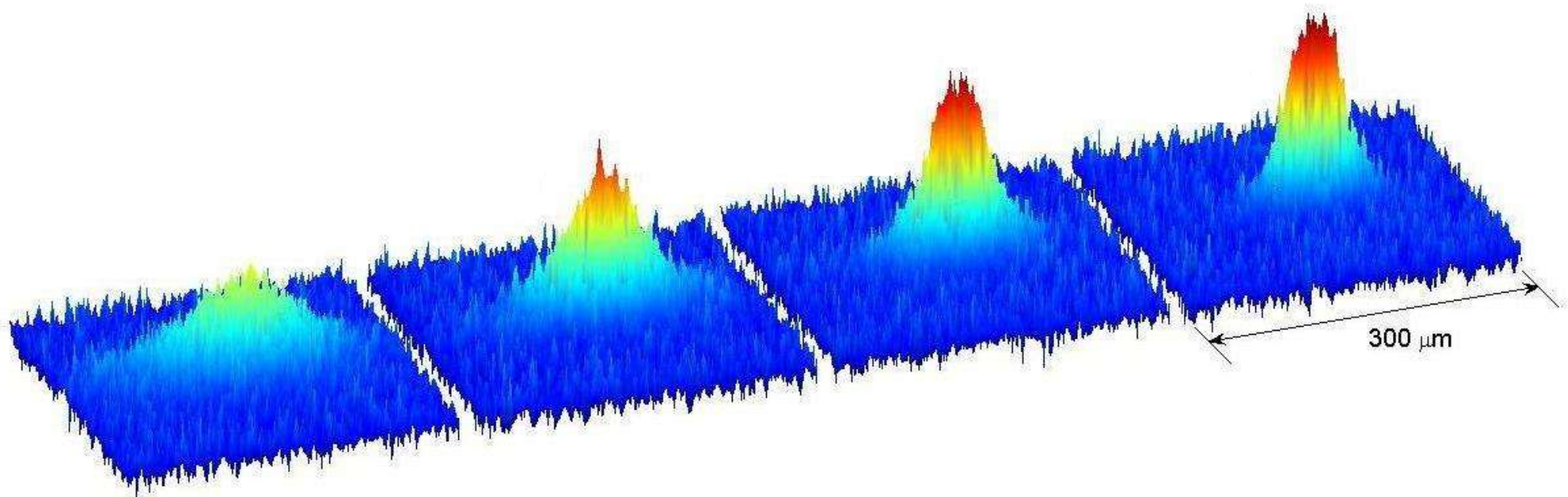


Molecular BEC of ${}^6\text{Li}_2$ in a Low Power Crossed Dipole Trap

J. Fuchs, G. Veeravalli, P.J. Dyke, G. Duffy, C.J. Vale,
P. Hannaford and W.J. Rowlands



AUSTRALIAN RESEARCH COUNCIL
CENTRE OF EXCELLENCE FOR
QUANTUM-ATOM OPTICS



Overview of existing MBEC experiments

^{40}K

JILA: Precooling in a magnetic trap

^6Li

Innsbruck 1 & 2: All optical (Resonator with 150 W in cavity/crossed dipole trap with 100 W laser)

MIT 1 & 2: Sympathetic cooling with ^{23}Na in a magnetic trap

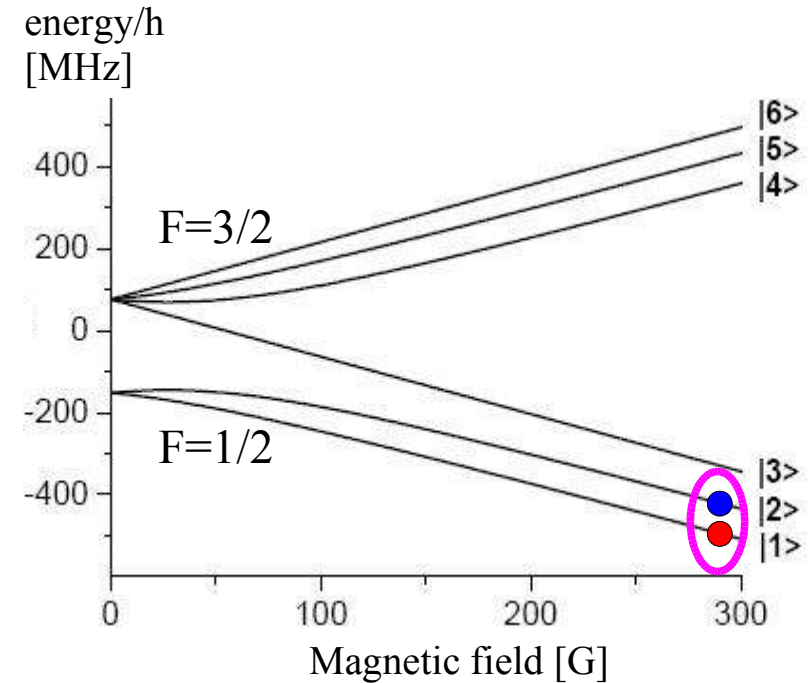
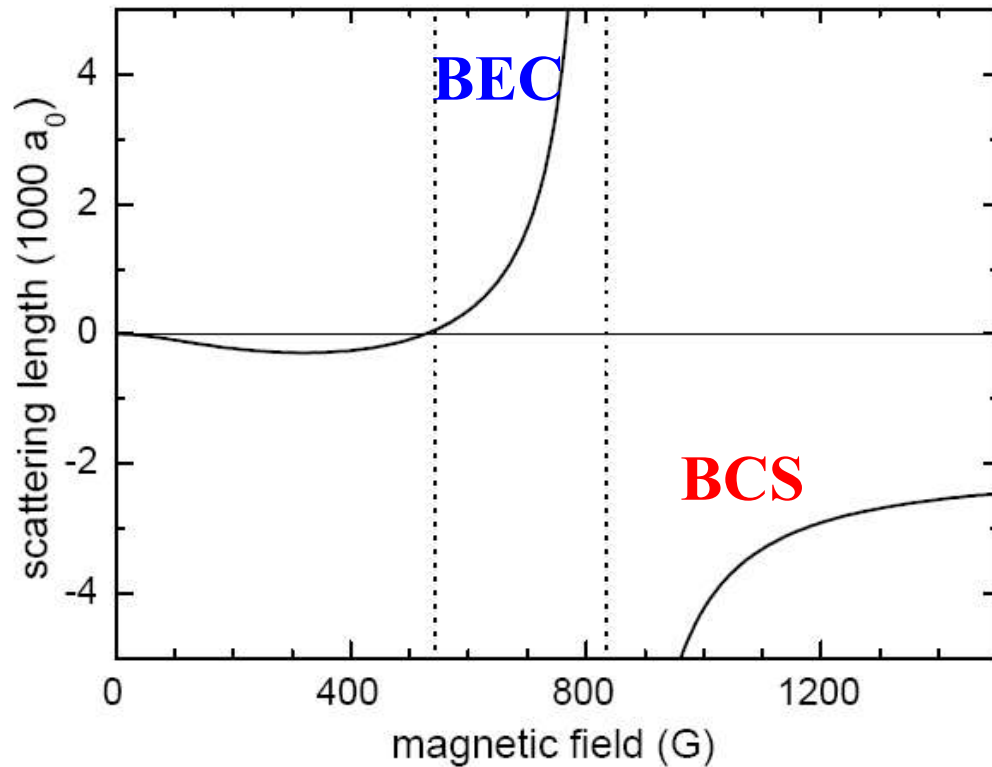
ENS: Sympathetic cooling with ^7Li in a magnetic trap

Rice: Sympathetic cooling with ^7Li in a magnetic trap

Our approach:

Low power (25W) crossed dipole trap with relatively small waist

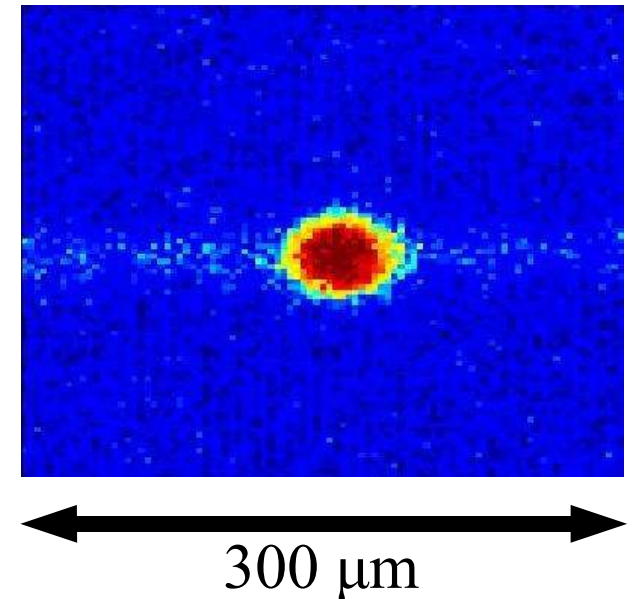
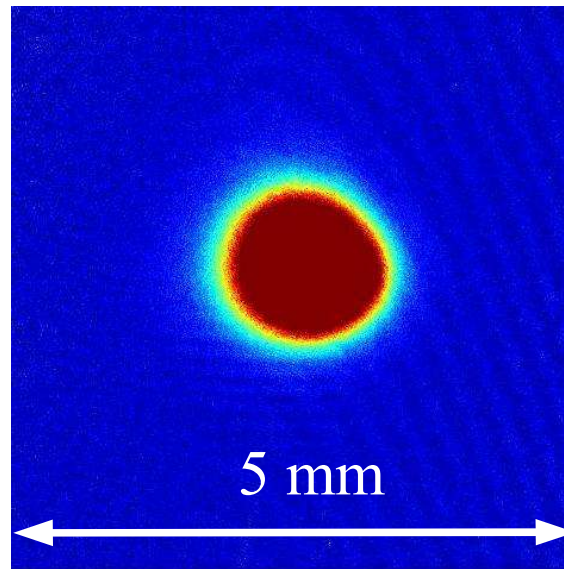
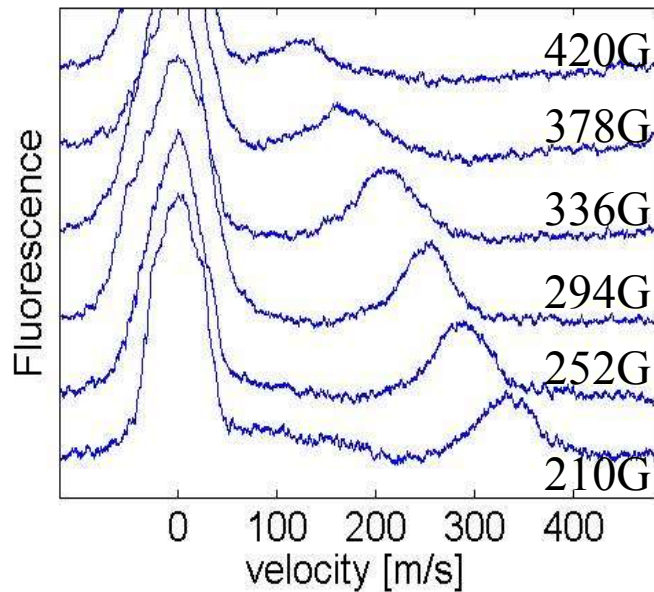
Feshbach resonances in ${}^6\text{Li}$



Binding energy of molecule:

$$E_B = -\frac{\hbar^2}{2ma^2}$$

Experimental procedure



Zeeman slower:

- Oven @ 475 degrees C
- Atomic beam
 $v_{avg} = 1600 \text{ m/s}$
- $650 \text{ m/s} \rightarrow 50 \text{ m/s}$

Magneto-optical trap

- $\sim 10^8$ atoms loaded in 60s
- $\sim 300 \mu\text{K}$
- Compressed MOT:
50G/cm

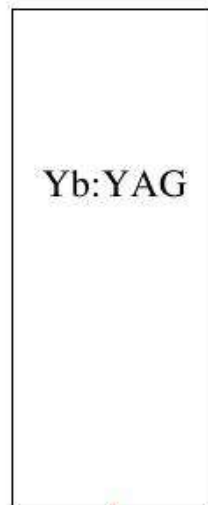
Dipole trap:

- Up to $\sim 400\,000$ atoms depending on geometry
- $\sim 50/50$ spin mixture
- $\sim 100 \mu\text{K}$
- $\sim 1 \text{ mK}$ trap depth

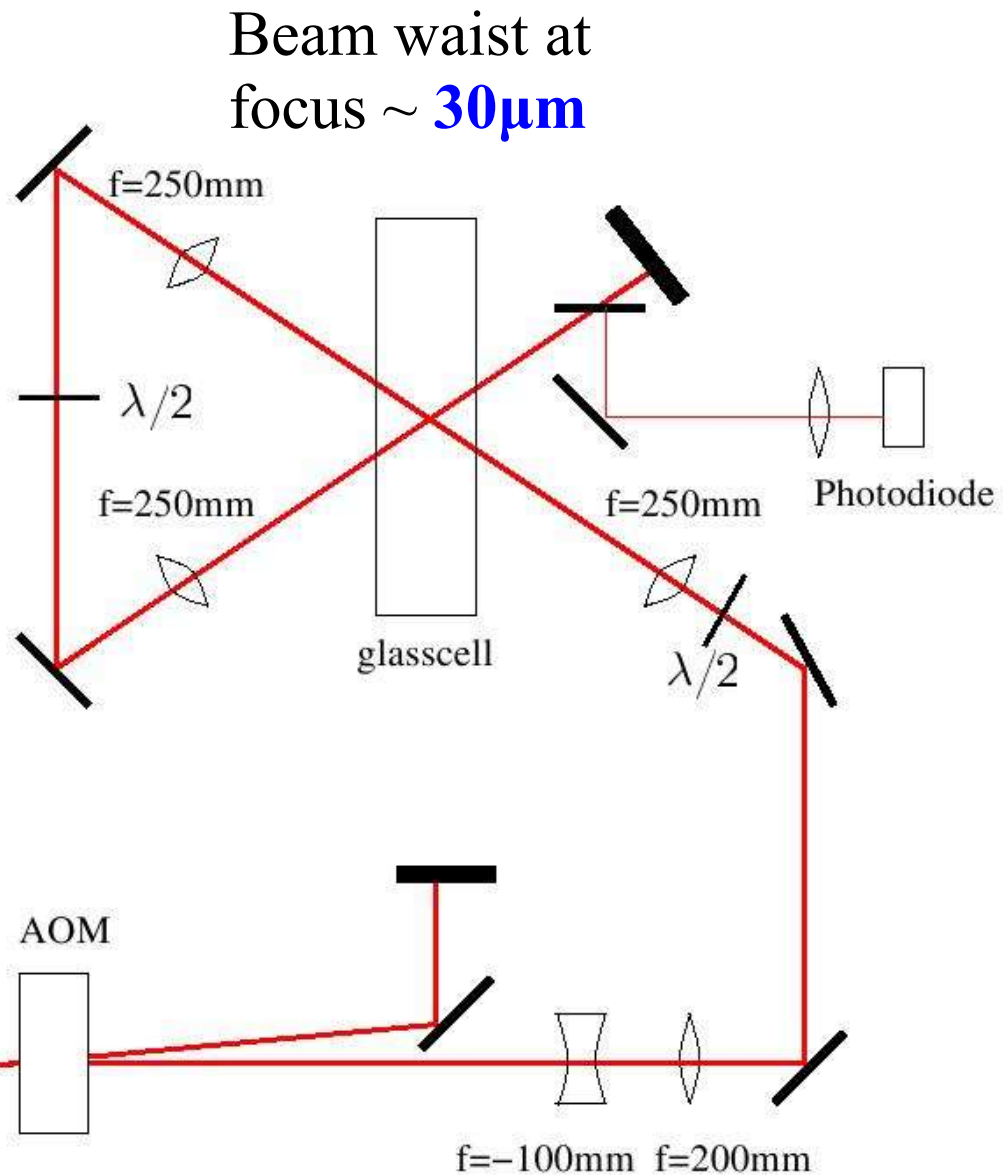
Crossed dipole trap - Setup



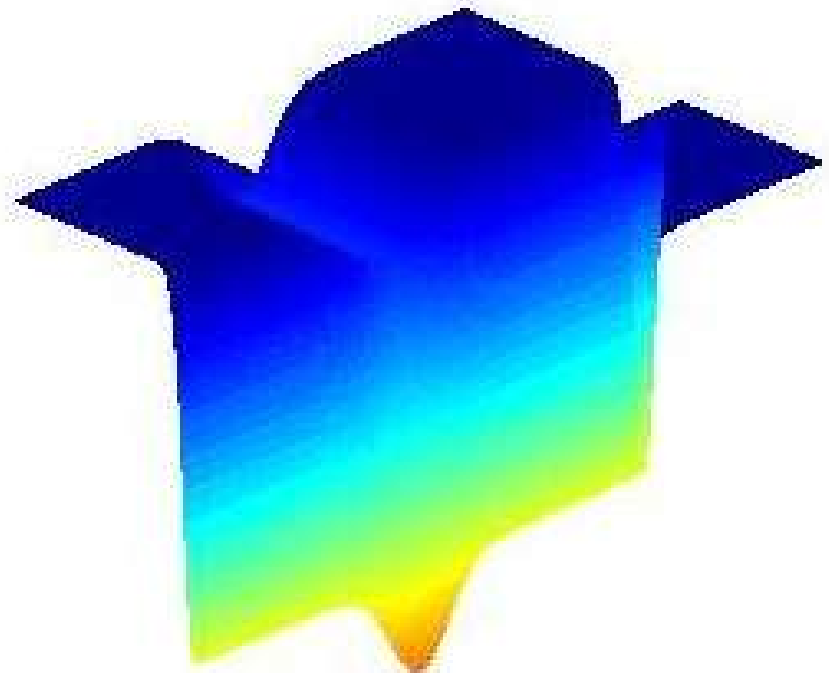
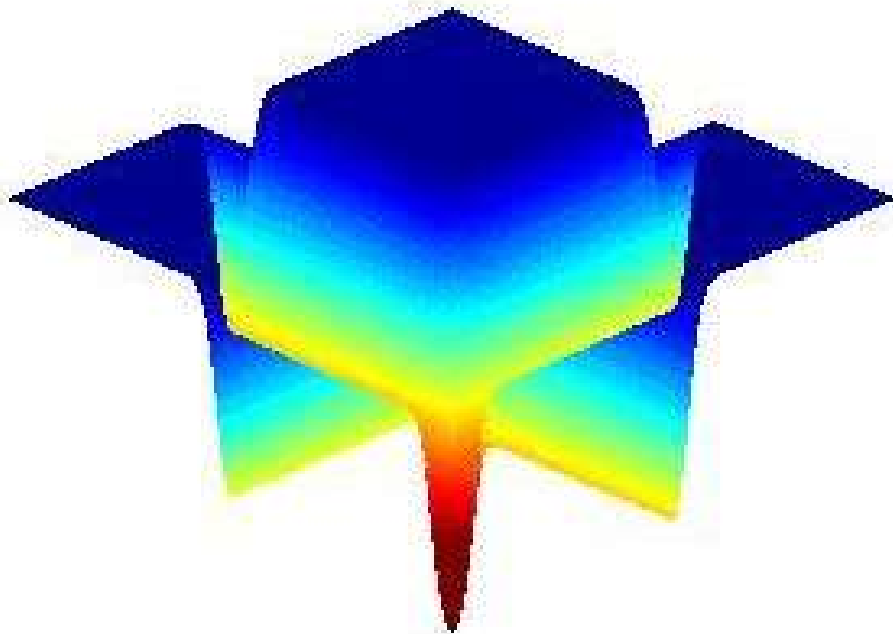
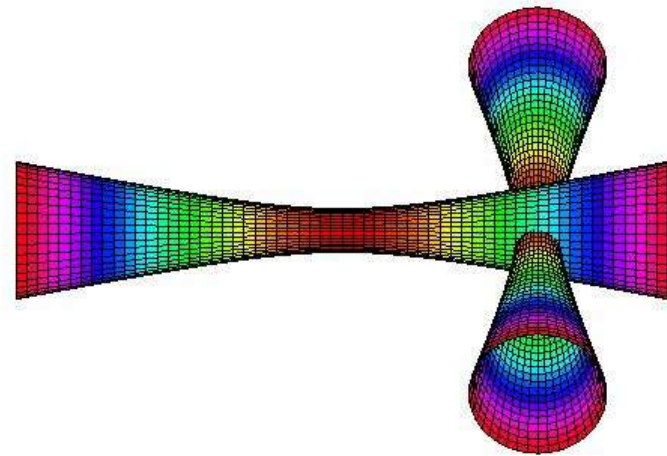
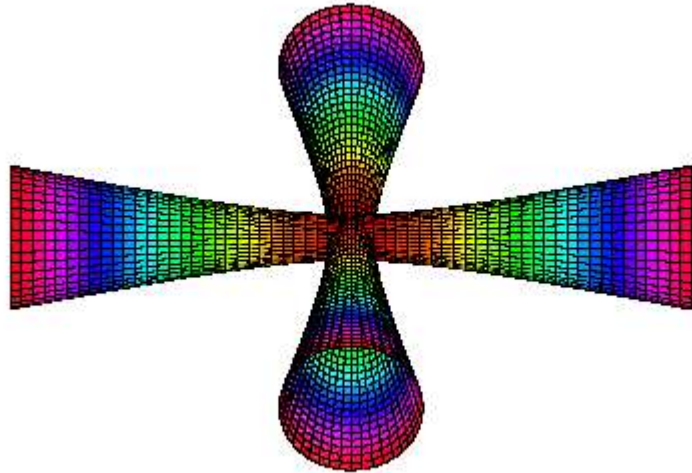
25W @ 1030nm



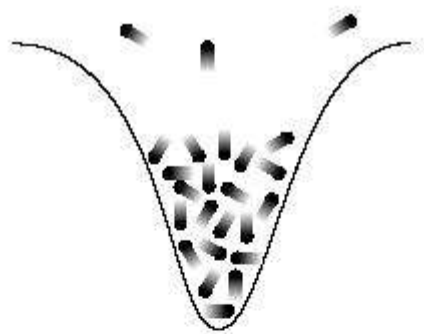
Yb:YAG



Crossed dipole trap geometries



Evaporation in dipole traps

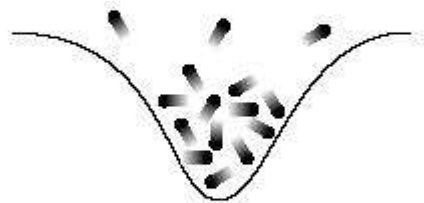


Scaling laws for
 $\eta = U/k_B T = 10$

K. M. O'Hara et al, Phys. Rev. A 64,
 051403 (2001)

$$\frac{N}{N_{initial}} = \left(\frac{U}{U_{initial}}\right)^{0.19}$$

$$\frac{\rho}{\rho_{initial}} = \left(\frac{U}{U_{initial}}\right)^{-1.3}$$



Molecules are formed by
three body recombination
 when $k_B T \sim E_b$

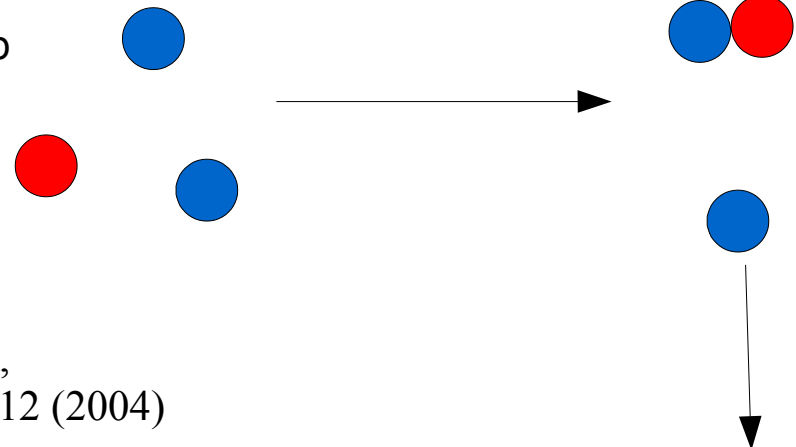
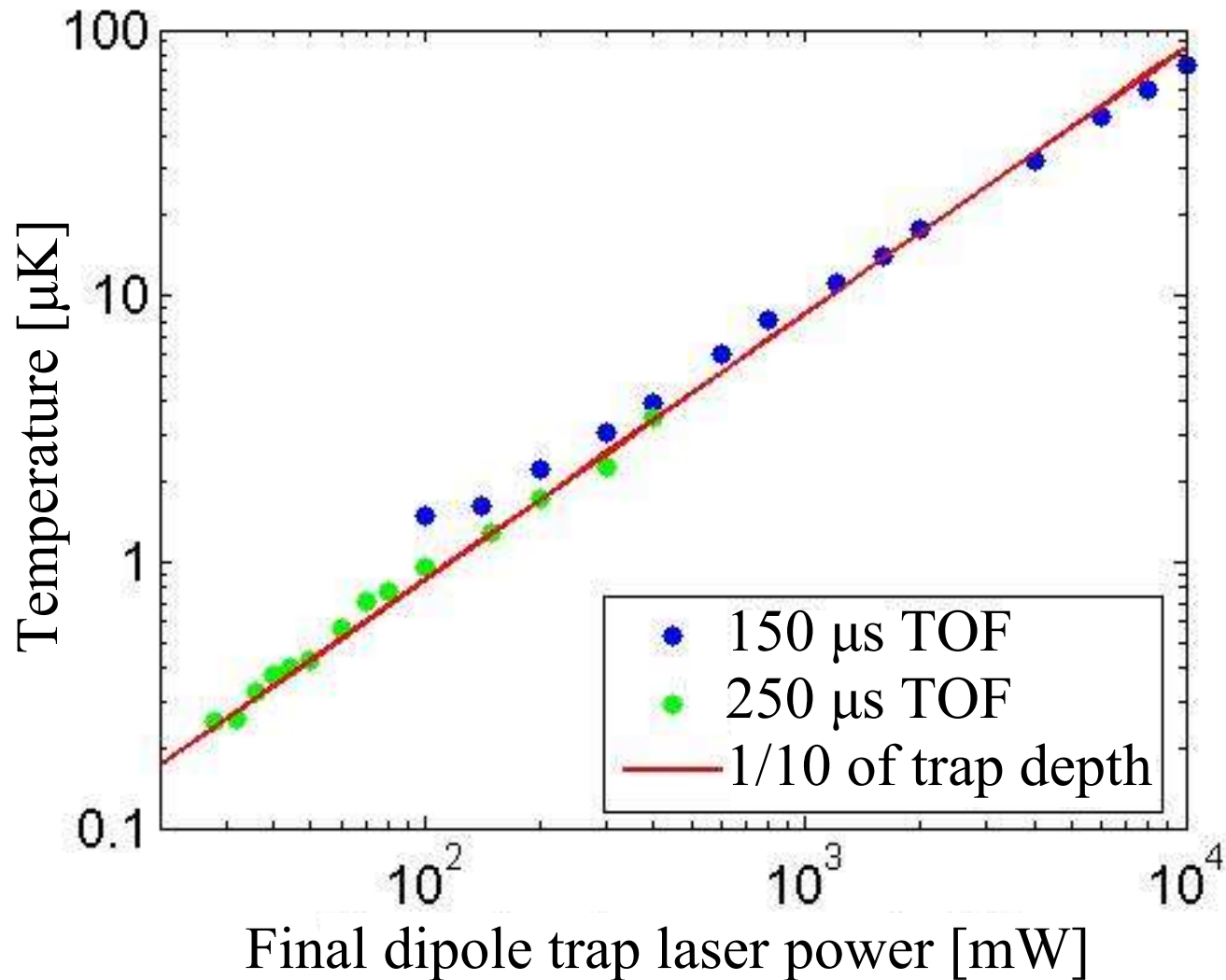


Figure from M. E. Gehm
 (thesis, 2003)

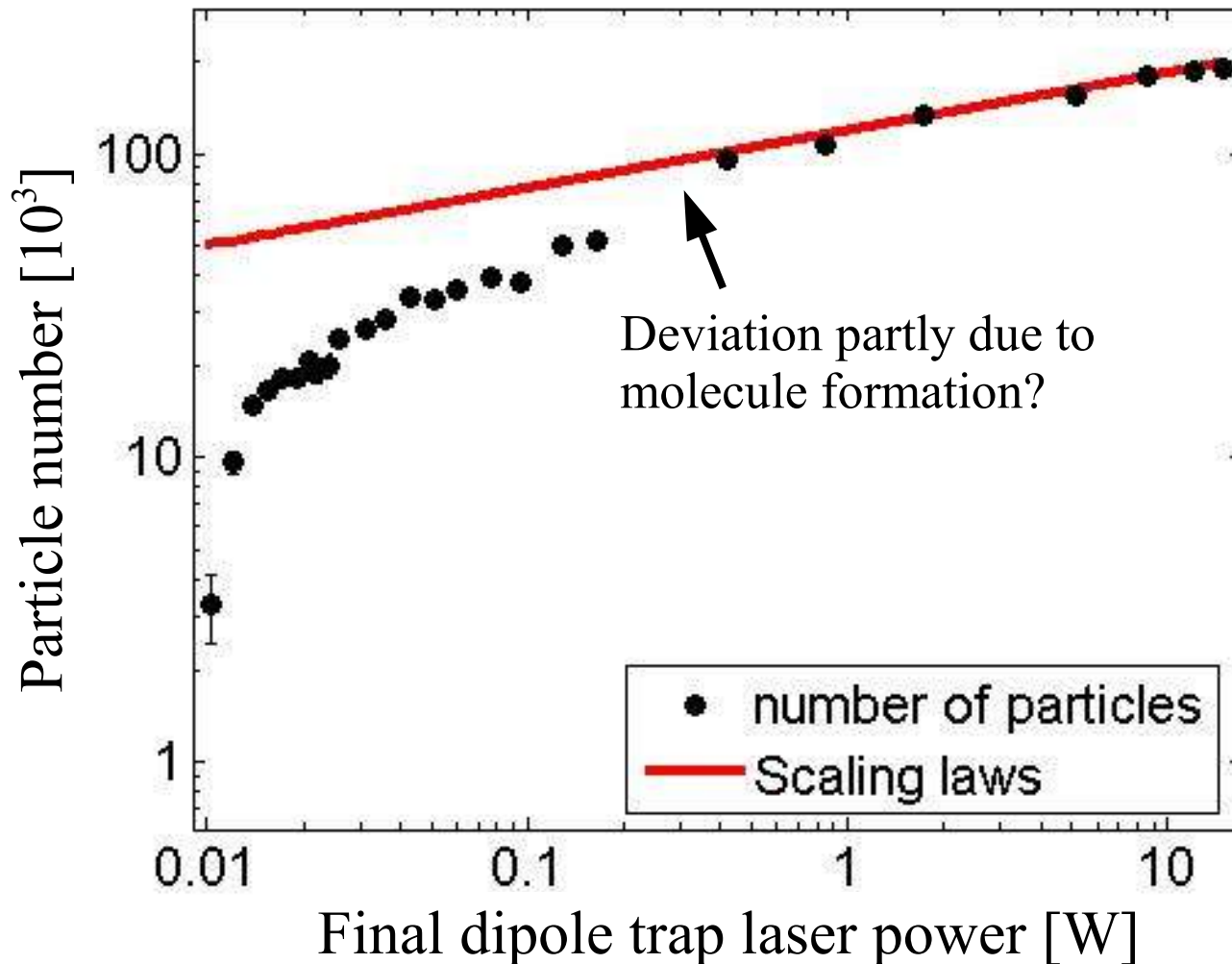
C. Chin and R. Grimm,
 Phys. Rev. A 69, 033612 (2004)

Very efficient evaporation



Temperature is calculated by $\sigma^2 m_{\text{atoms}} / k_B t^2$

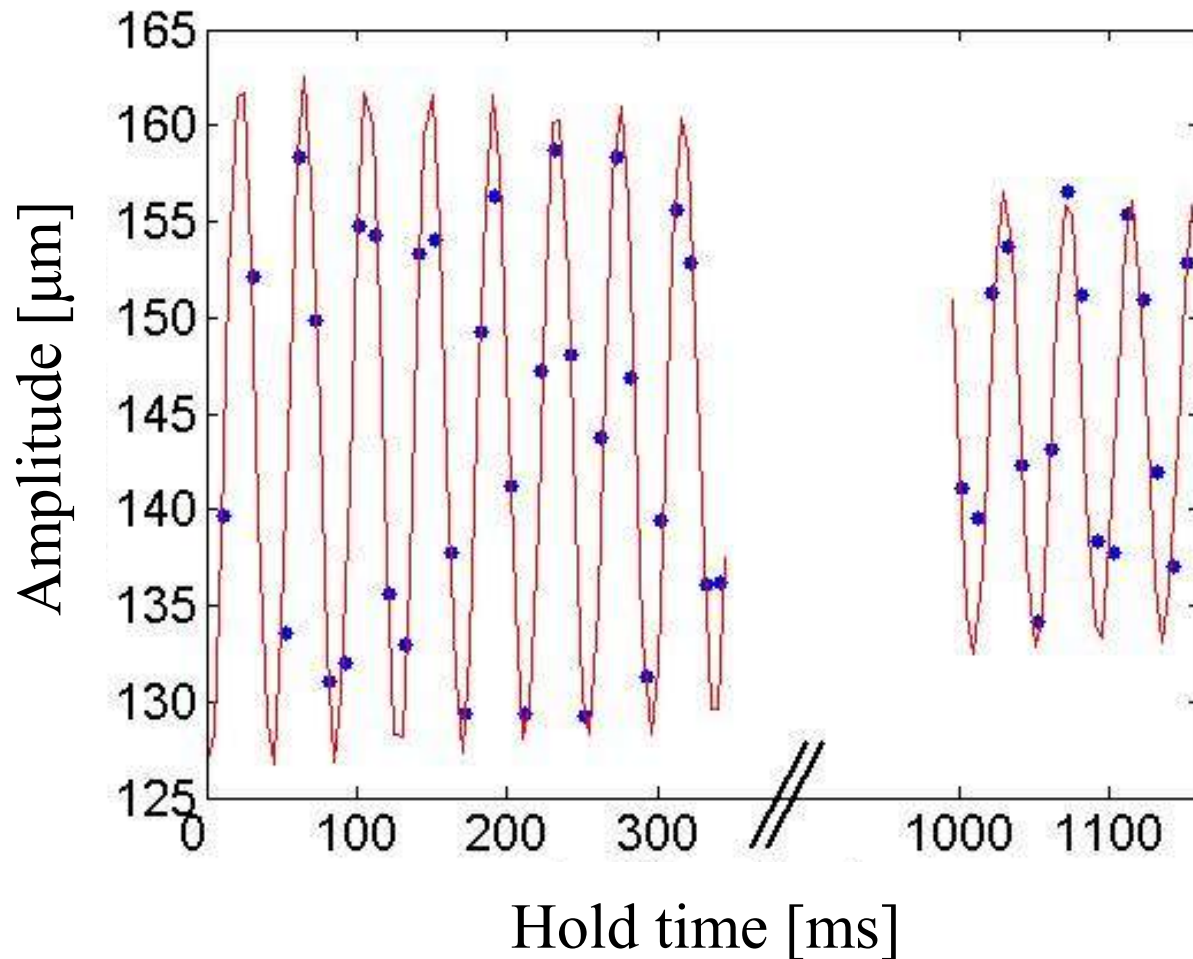
Very efficient evaporation



Evaporation
@ 694G

Trapping frequency

Weak axis of asymmetric crossed dipole trap



$$f_{ax} = 23.8 \text{ Hz}$$

(@696G, 15 mW)

Trapping potential due to

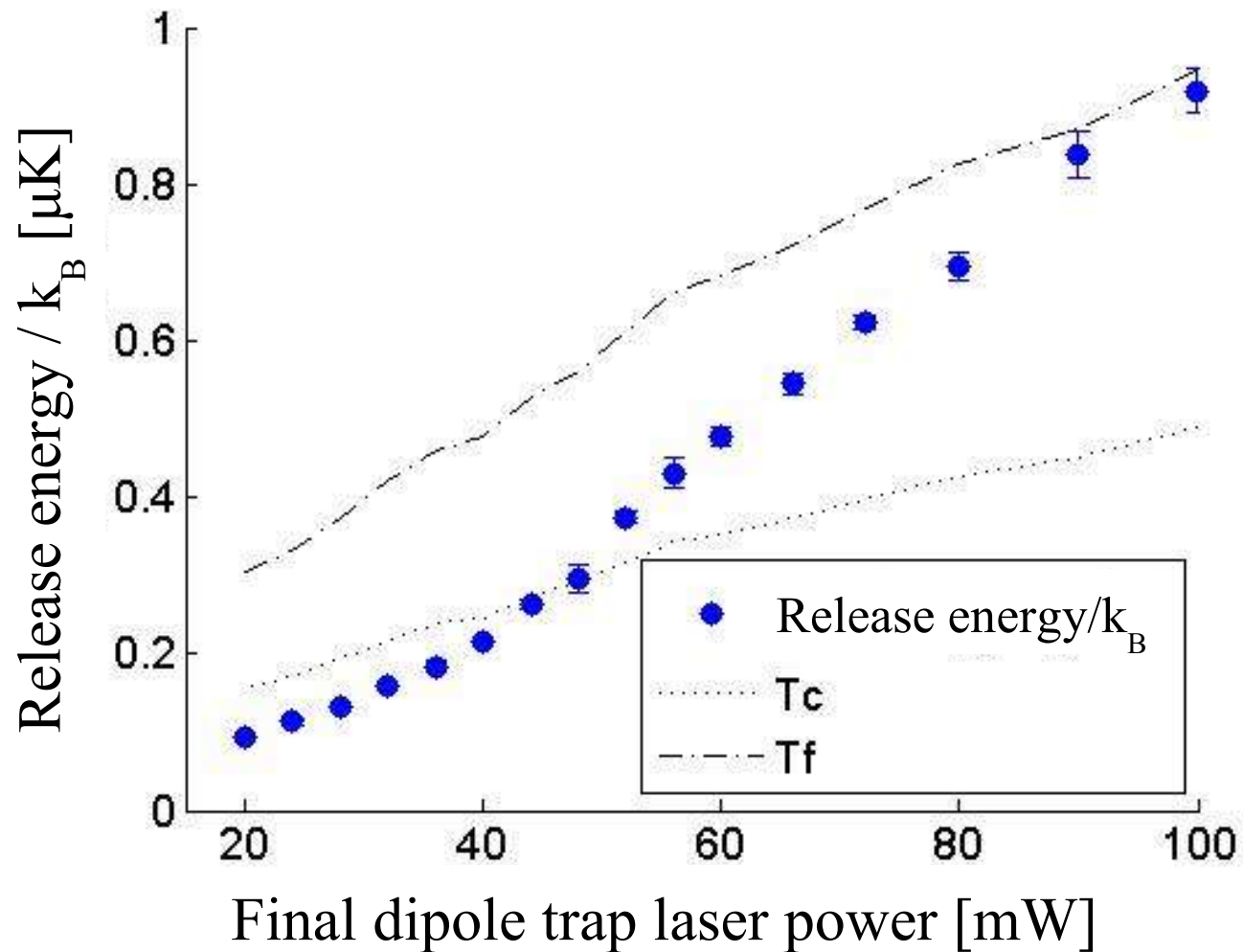
- crossed arm of DPT
- curvature in Feshbach field

$$f_{rad} = 375 \text{ Hz (@15mW)}$$

measured by trap loss

Evaporation into degeneracy

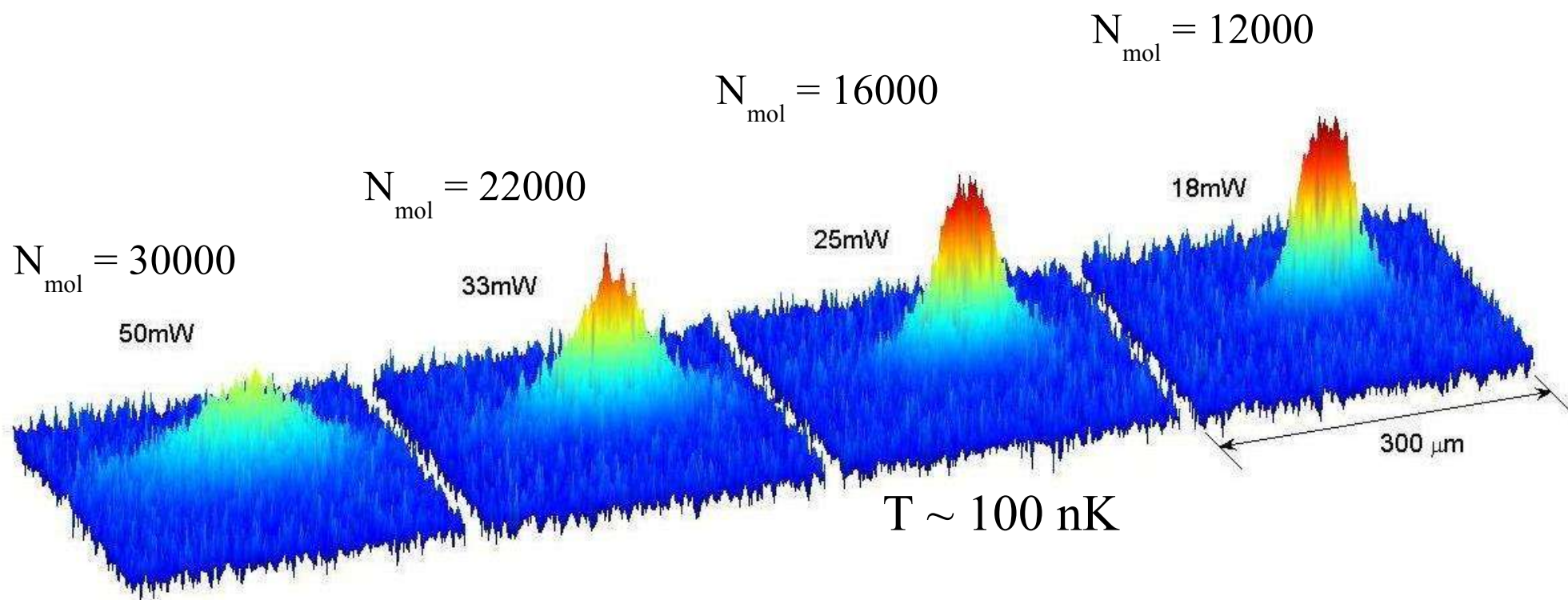
in a cigar shaped trap



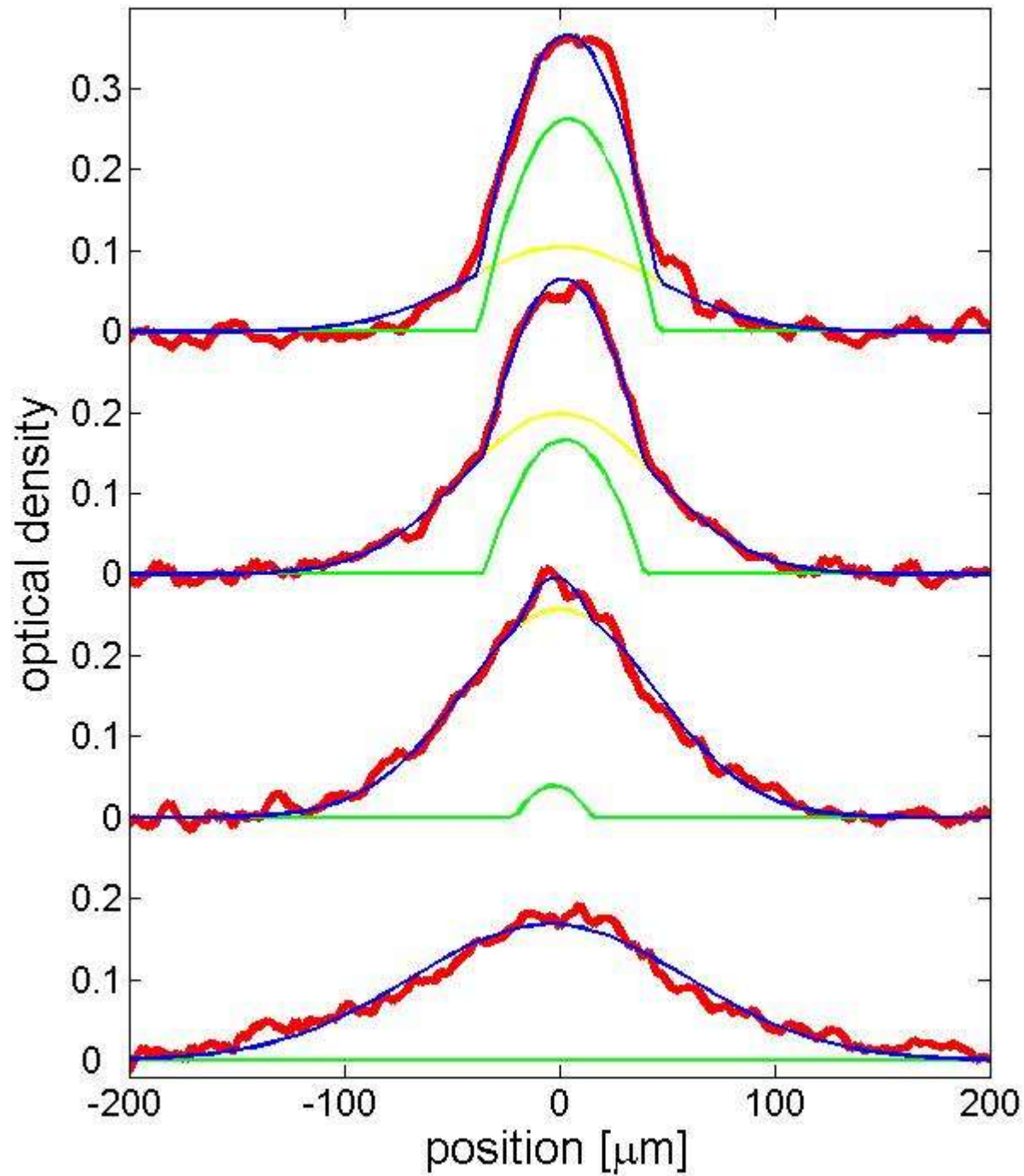
Molecular BEC

Evaporation @ 770 G

Imaging @ 694 G



Images taken after 1.5 ms TOF



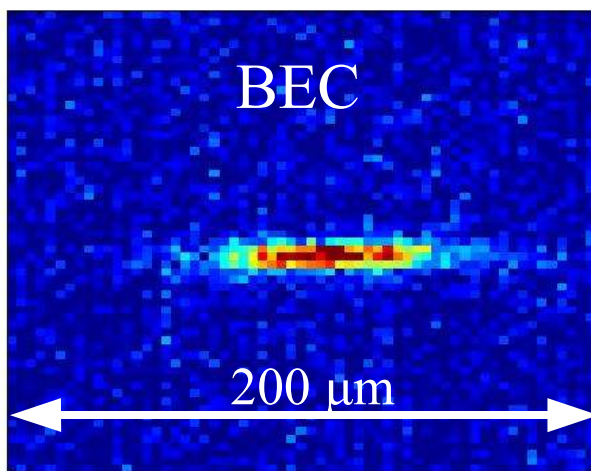
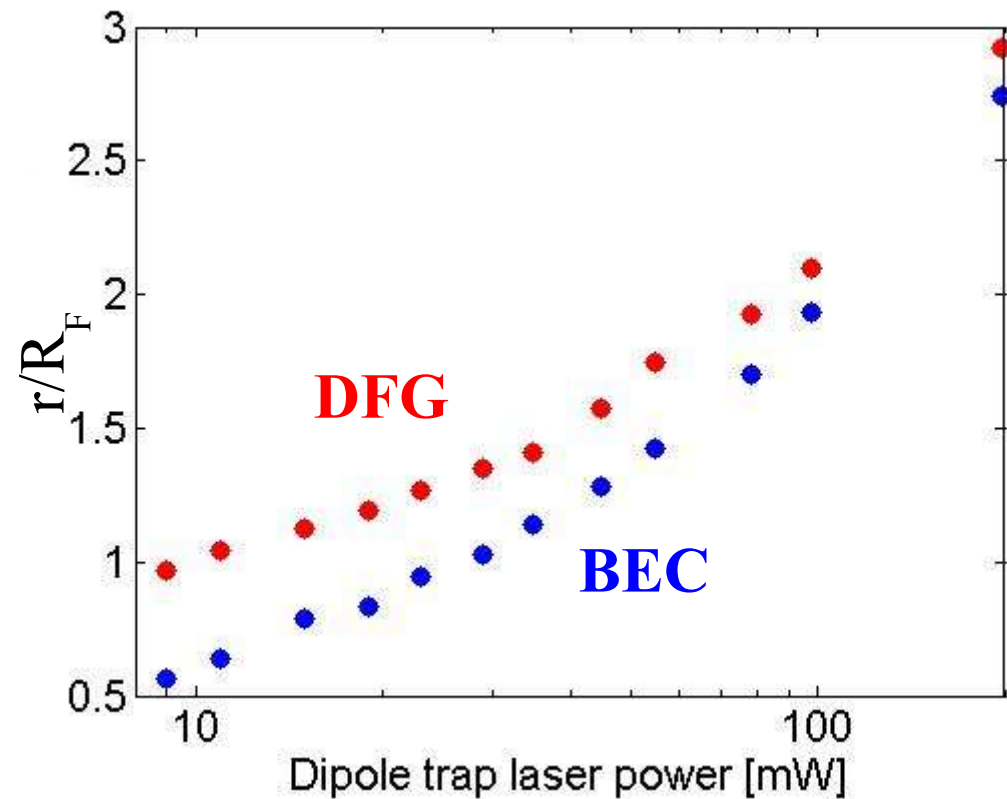
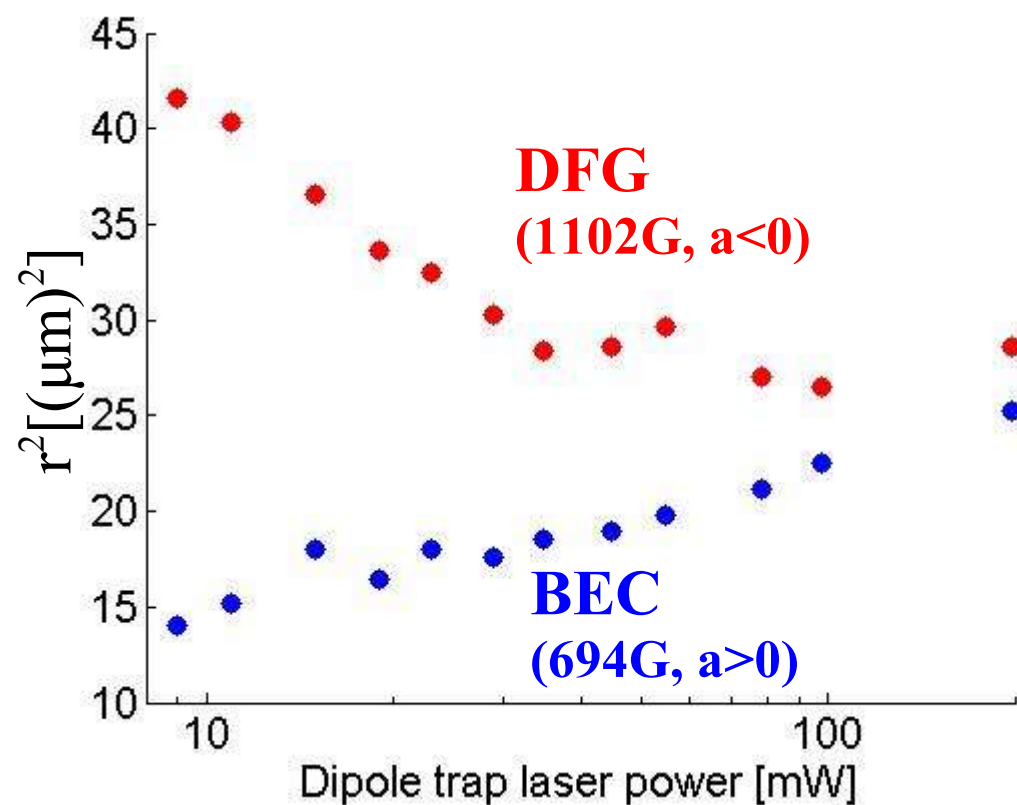
$N_{\text{mol}} = 12000$
 $P = 18\text{mW}$

$N_{\text{mol}} = 16000$
 $P = 25\text{mW}$

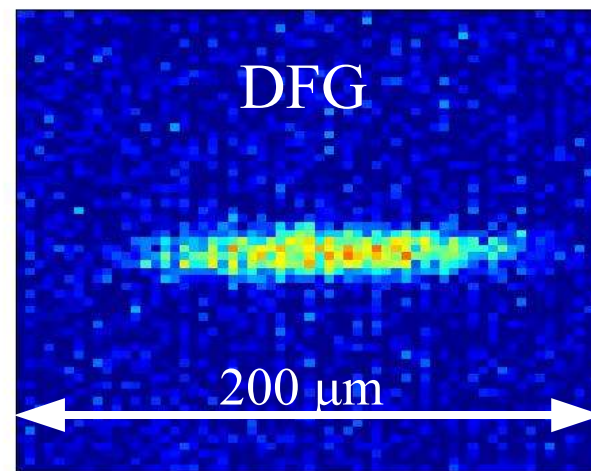
$N_{\text{mol}} = 22000$
 $P = 33\text{mW}$

$N_{\text{mol}} = 30000$
 $P = 50\text{mW}$

Bosons vs Fermions



$P_{\text{final}} = 9\text{mW}$



Outlook

- Optimising geometry of our crossed dipole trap
- Increasing life time of MBEC (10s sec.?)
- Bragg scattering of Cooper pairs
(K.J. Challis et al, PRL 98, 093002, 2007)
- Correlation of dissociated atom pairs
(K. V. Kheruntsyan and P. D. Drummond, PRA 66, 031602, 2002,
K. V. Kheruntsyan, PRL 96, 110401, 2006)

Thanks

